

# **EFFECT OF TUNNEL PREPARATIONS ON THE MARGINAL RIDGE STRENGTH**

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## **ABSTRACT**

This study evaluates two cavity designs of tunnel preparation by measuring its marginal ridge strength and determining the effect of different restorative materials (amalgam, composite resin and glass ionomer) when used with these preparations. A total of ninety sound extracted human lower second molar teeth were used. The teeth were divided into four main groups each consisting of twenty teeth, and the remaining ten teeth were used as control (group 1). Group II was restored with amalgam, group III was restored with composite resin, group IV was restored with glass ionomer, and group V was prepared but not restored. Groups II to V were subdivided into two subgroups of ten teeth each according to the level of proximal preparation. 2 mm and 4 mm gingival to height of the marginal ridge. The results showed that the glass ionomer restoration was the material of choice in tunnel preparation. The undermined and weakened marginal ridges were reinforced depending on the adhesive preparation of the restorative materials. Tunnel restorations are more indicated in cases where the carious lesion is located deeper proximally.